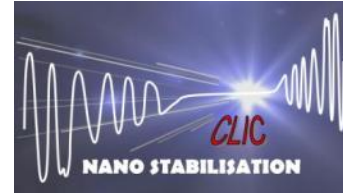




European Organization for Nuclear Research

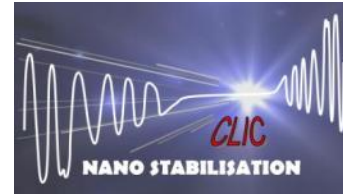


CLIC MAIN BEAM QUADRUPOLE STABILIZATION AT CERN

K. Artoos, P. Carmona-Fernandez, C. Collette, M.
Guinchard, C. Hauviller, S. Janssens, A. Kuzmin, R. Leuxe,
A. Slaathaug.



Outline

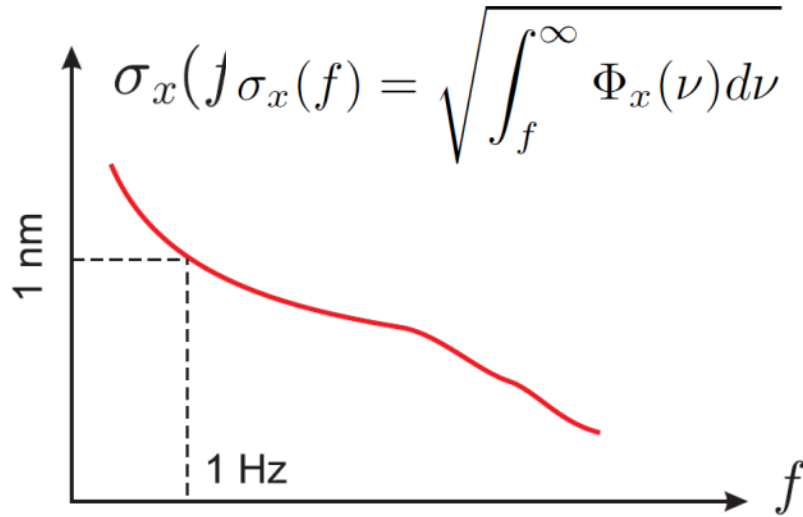


2

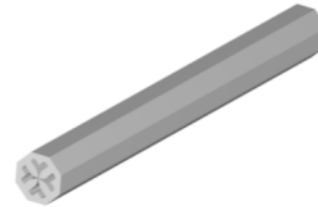
- Reminder requirements
- Four steps towards feasibility demonstration: achievements
- Propagation vibrations in floor
- Future work

Quad. length: 0.5 to 2m
 Quad. mass: ~ 100 to 400 Kg

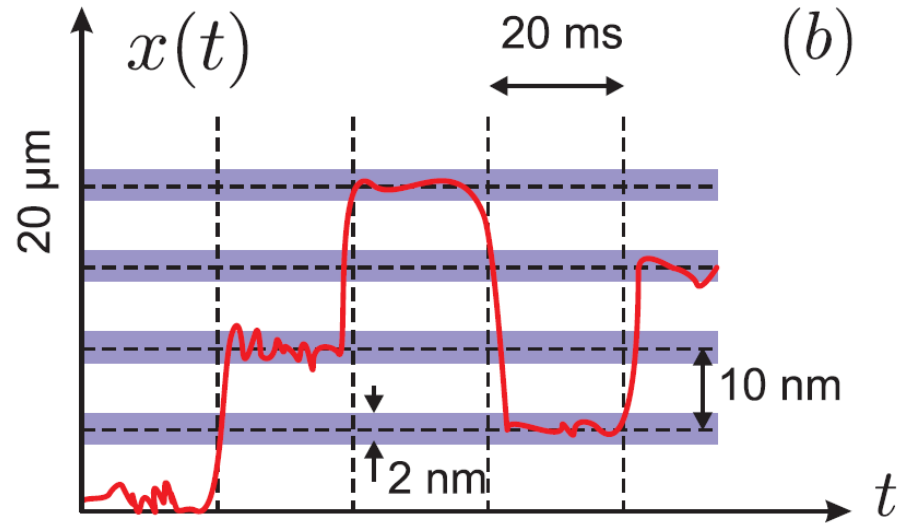
Stabilization



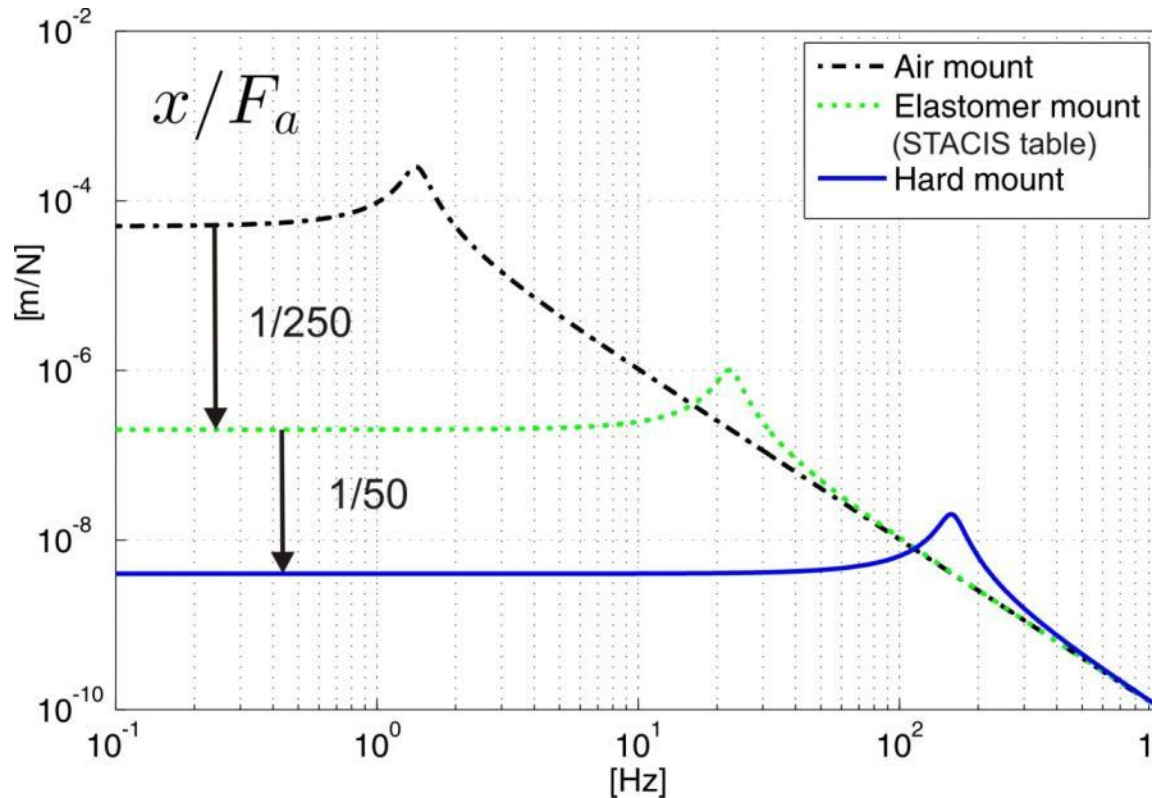
(5 nm in lateral direction)
 2000 quadrupoles/line



Nano-positioning



(vertical and lateral)
 80 quadrupoles/line



Available space

limited width and height

Accelerator environment

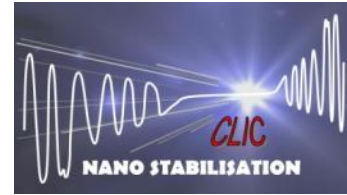
- High radiation (TDR)
- Stray magnetic field (TDR)

Robustness

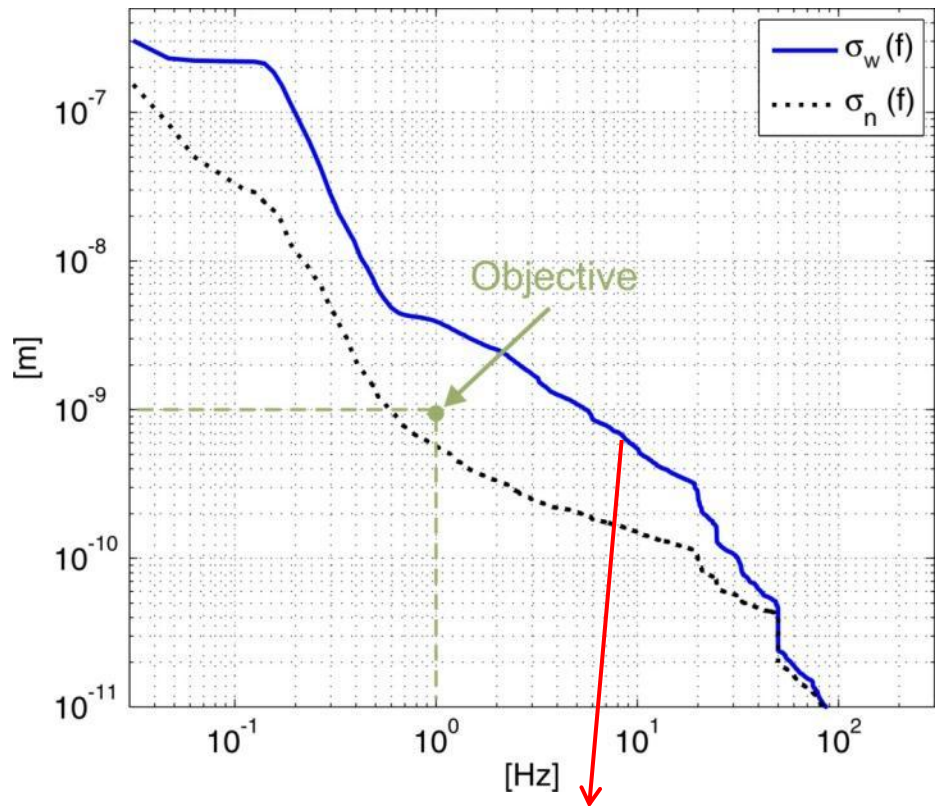
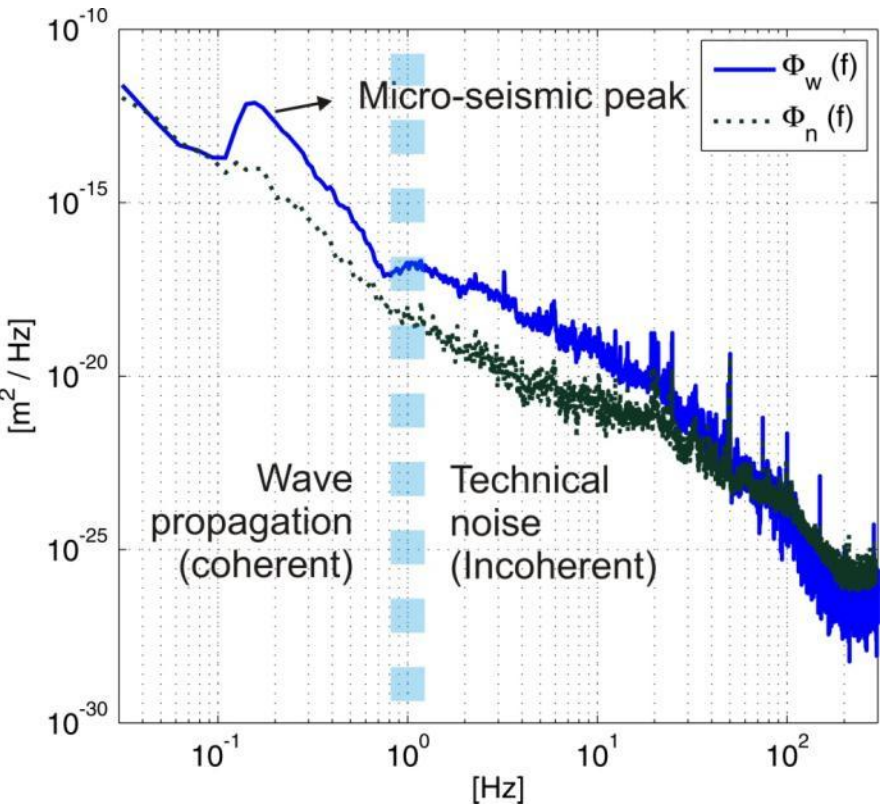
- Uncertainty
- External forces : e.g. water cooling
- Alignment
- Transportable



Typical ground motion

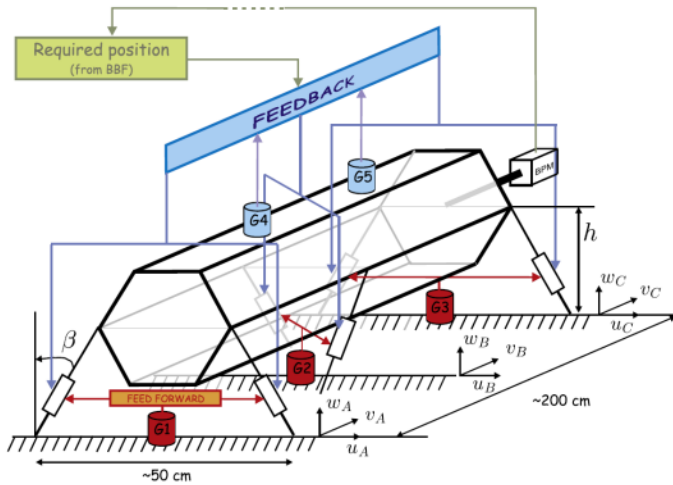


5



Main contribution below 20 Hz

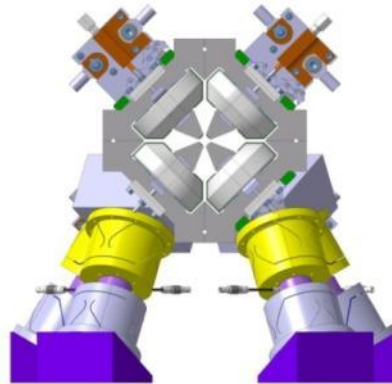
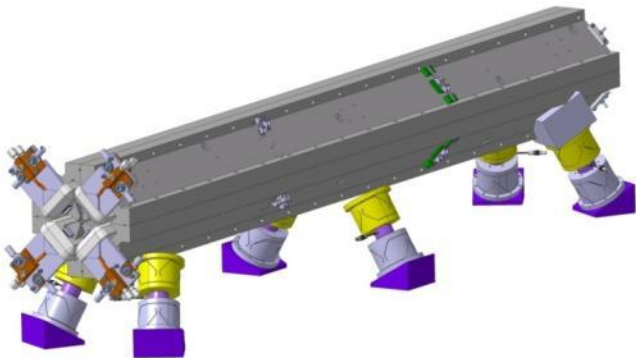
Hexapod concept



ILC-CLIC LET Beam Dynamics Workshop (23-25 June 2009)

Advantages:

- Stabilization & Positioning in a single stage
- Robust to external forces



Disadvantages:

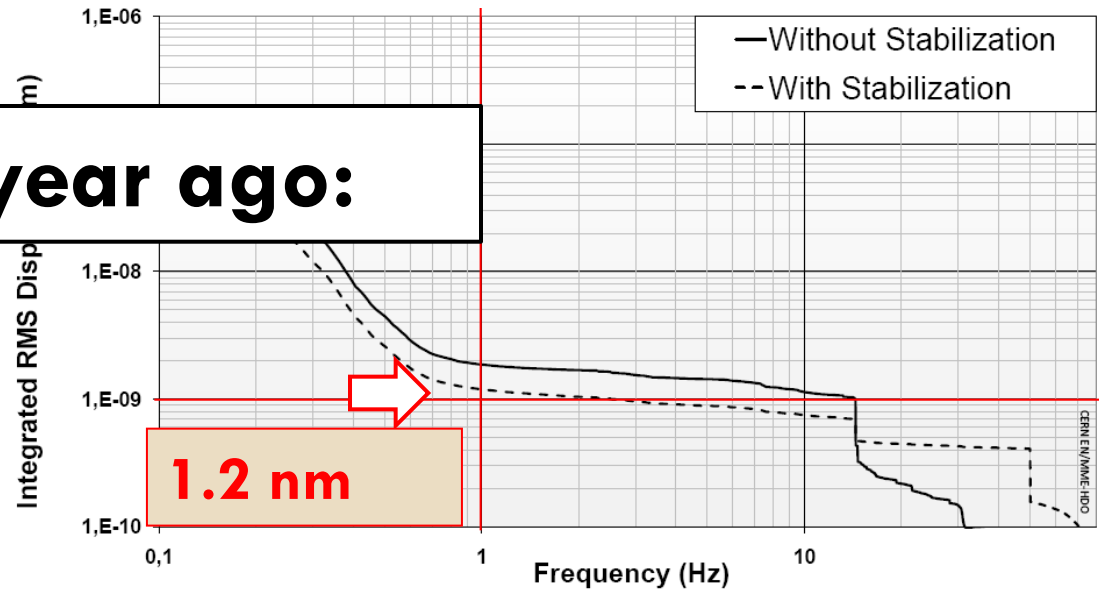
- Jointure issues
- Quadrupole flexibility

CERN option: steps towards hexapod

1. Stabilisation single d.o.f. with small weight (membrane)



One year ago:



- First result:
- Program with further improvements

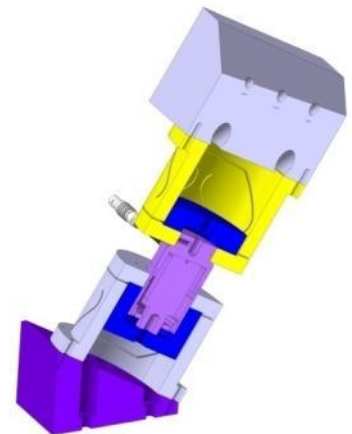
2. Tripod with weight type 1 MBQ with 1 active leg

- Actuator and control amplifier ordered
- Design legs, flexural hinges and dummy magnet ongoing
- Control hardware available + control law being designed

Target: first results this year

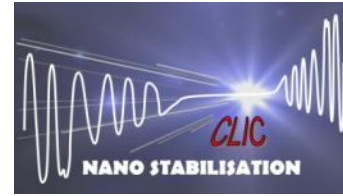
3. Tripod type 1 MBQ with 3 or 4 active legs

4. MOCK-UP Type 4 MBQ on hexapod





4 steps toward demonstration



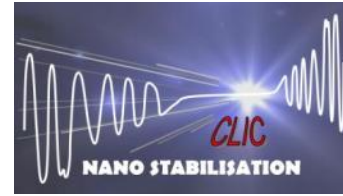
8

2010 : 4 steps toward demonstration on MBQ type 4 (+ type 1):

- ▣ 1. Stabilisation **1 d.o.f. with small mass** (“membrane”)
- ▣ 2. Stabilisation **1 d.o.f. with type 1 mass** (“tripod”)
- ▣ 3. Stabilisation **2 d.o.f. with type 1 mass** (“tripod”)
- ▣ 4. Stabilisation of **type 4 (and type 1) CLIC MB quadrupole proto type**



4 steps toward demonstration

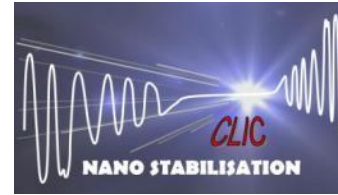


9

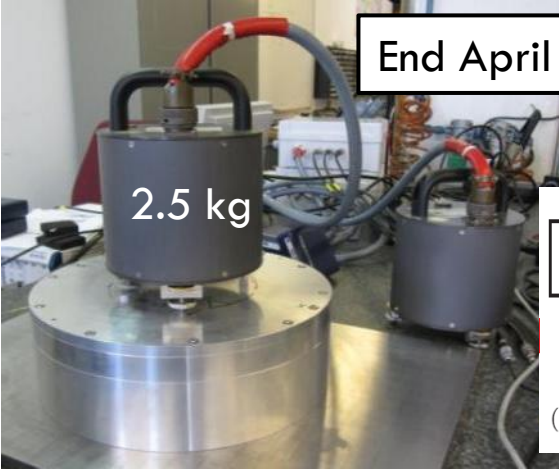
2010 : 4 steps toward demonstration on MBQ type 4 (+ type 1):

- ▣ 1. Stabilisation **1 d.o.f. with small mass** (“membrane”)
- ▣ 2. Stabilisation 1 d.o.f. with type 1 mass (“tripod”)
- ▣ 3. Stabilisation 2 d.o.f. with type 1 mass (“tripod”)
- ▣ 4. Stabilisation of type 4 (and type 1) CLIC MB quadrupole proto type

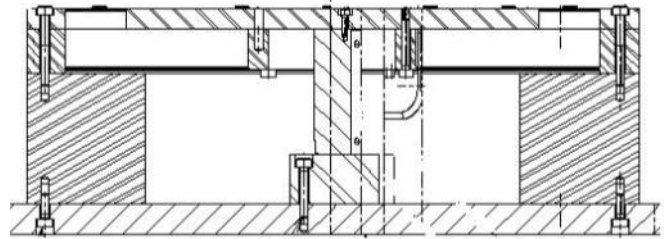
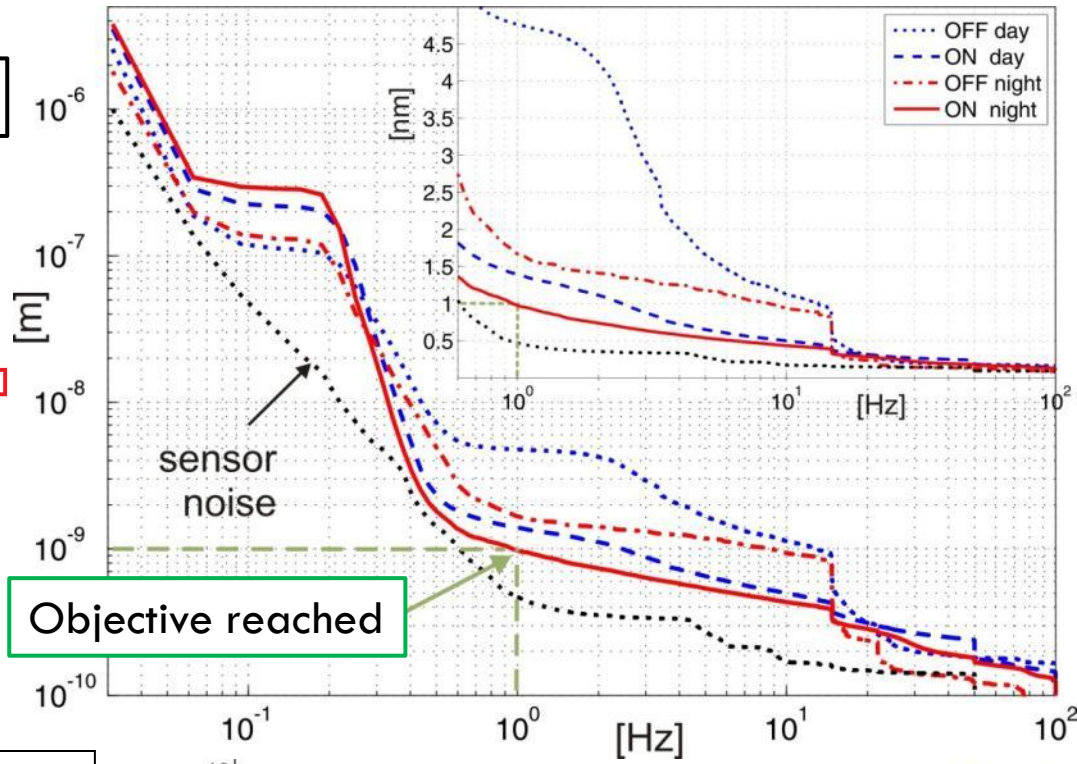
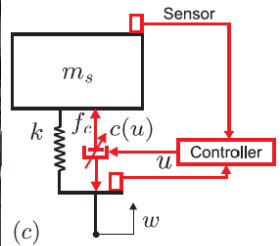
Steps toward performance demonstration RIGID option



1. Stabilisation single d.o.f. with small mass ("membrane")

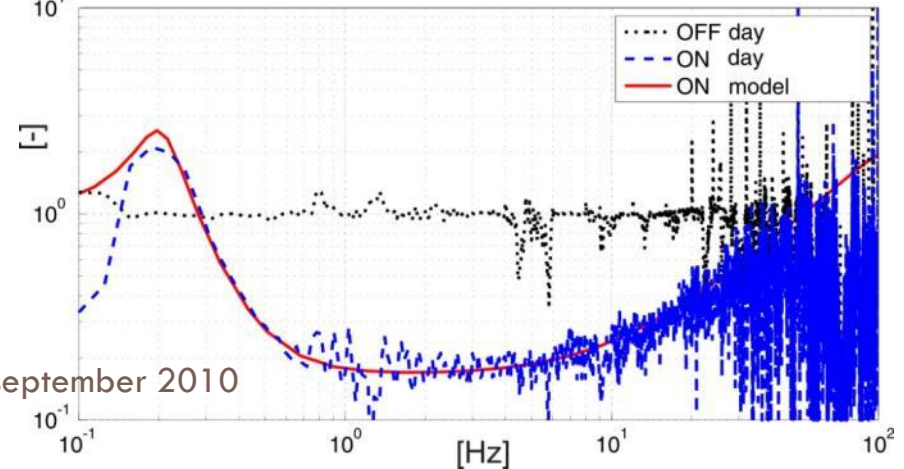


End April CERN 2010



$$\frac{k}{m} = \frac{k'}{m'}$$

Piezo actuator (PI™): Resolution 0.1 nm
 Stiffness 24 N/ μ m
 Measured vertical resonant frequency \sim 300 Hz



Input from **Pablo Fernandez Carmona**:

Systematic study and improvement of noise levels:

Power supply seismometers

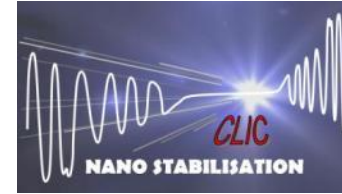
Cabling to seismometer

Noise level acquisition systems

Noise level output

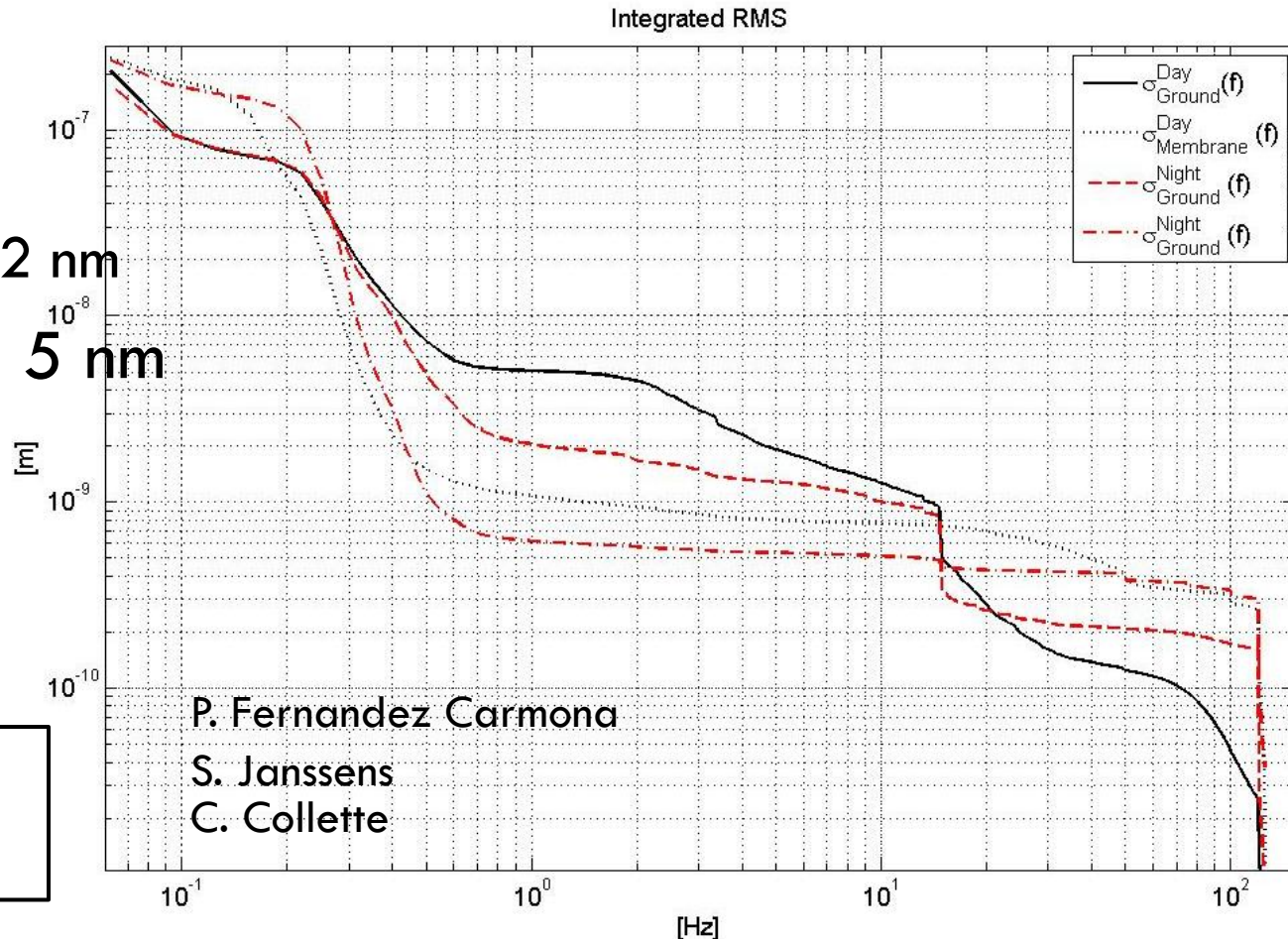


Best result on membrane:



0.6 nm at 1 Hz from 2 nm

1 nm at 1 Hz from 5 nm



Test to be repeated and confirmed

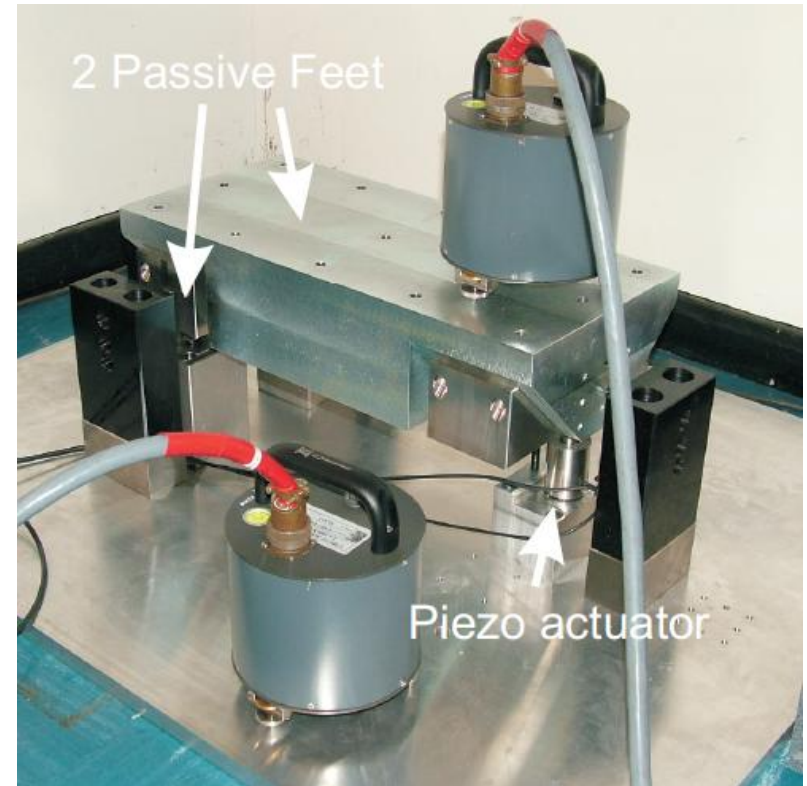
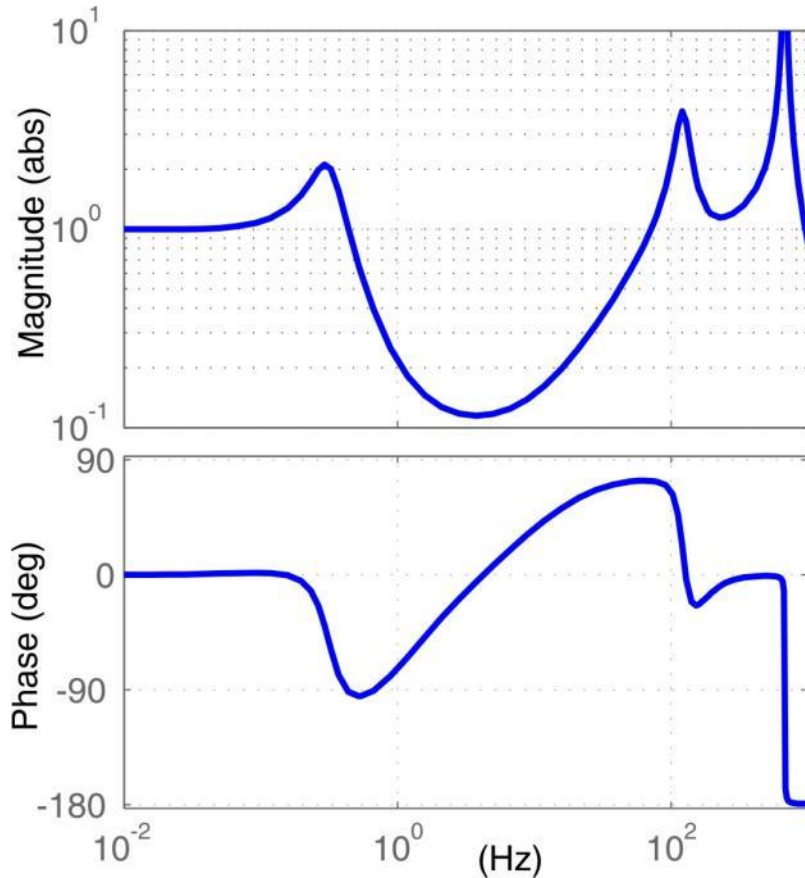
4 steps toward demonstration

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2010 : 4 steps toward demonstration on MBQ type 4 (+ type 1):

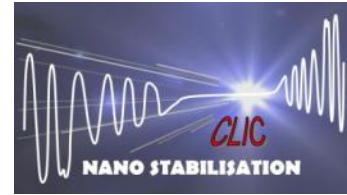
- 1. Stabilisation 1 d.o.f. with small mass (“membrane”)
- 2. Stabilisation **1 d.o.f. with type 1 mass** (“tripod”)
- 3. Stabilisation 2 d.o.f. with type 1 mass (“tripod”)
- 4. Stabilisation of type 4 (and type 1) CLIC MB quadrupole proto type

Objective: Validate the strategy with a heavy load + selected actuator

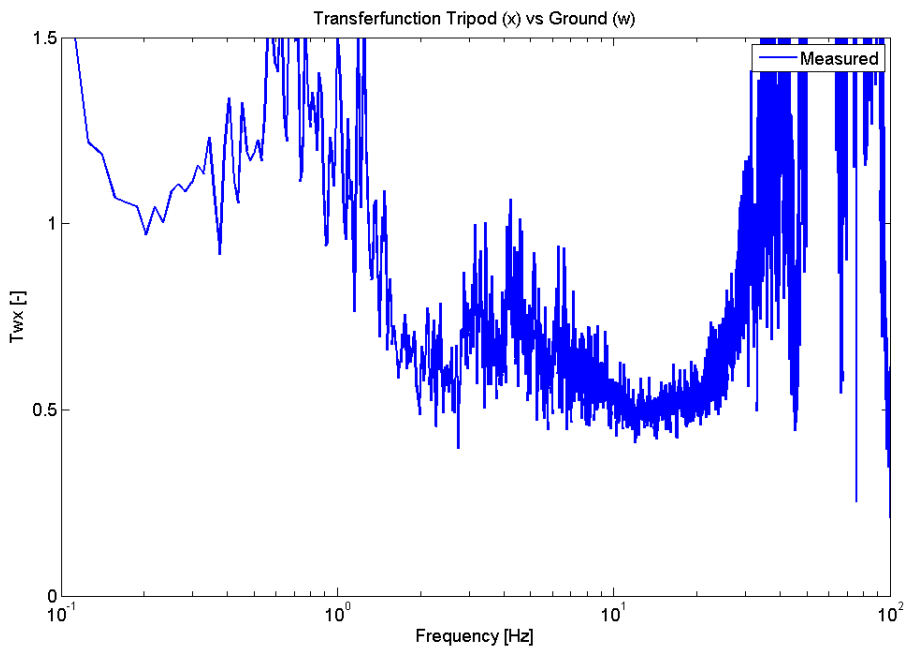




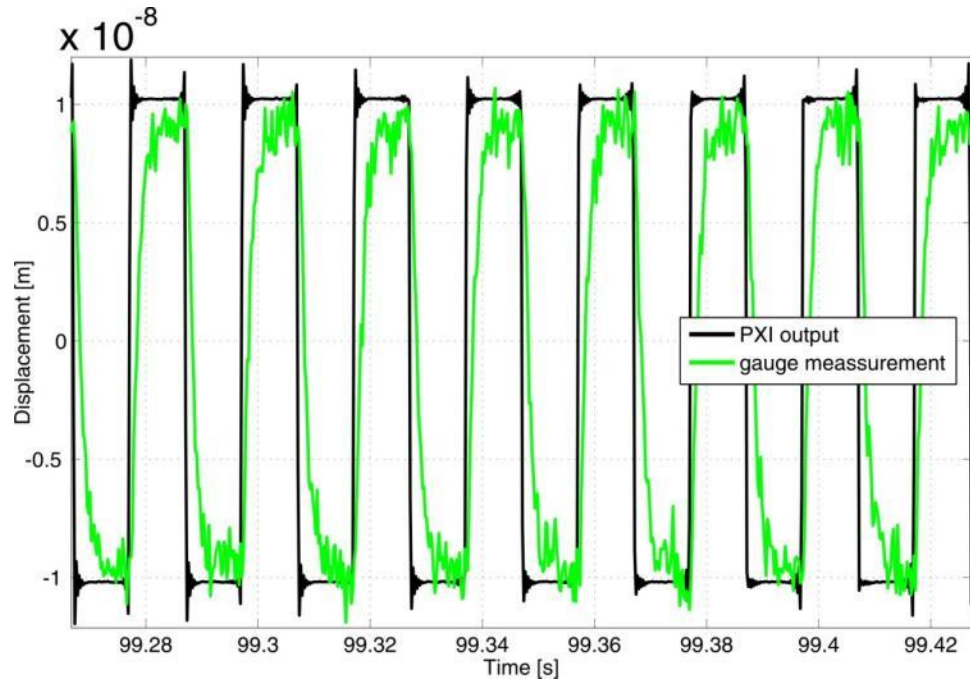
Step 2: One d.o.f. type 1 mass



Stabilisation



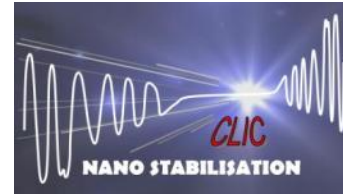
Nano-positioning: square wave of 20nm @ 100 Hz



Support to be improved, no guidance



4 steps toward demonstration

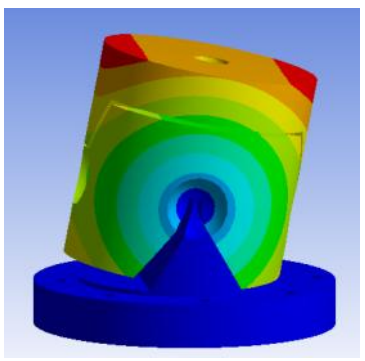


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2010 : 4 steps toward demonstration on MBQ type 4 (+ type 1):

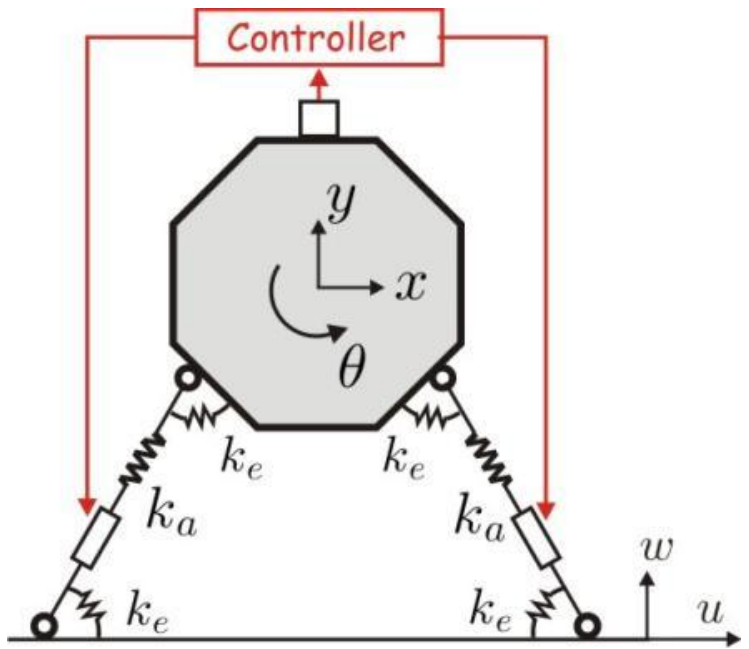
- 1. Stabilisation 1 d.o.f. with small mass (“membrane”)
- 2. Stabilisation 1 d.o.f. with type 1 mass (“tripod”)
- 3. Stabilisation **2 d.o.f. with type 1 mass** (“tripod”)
- 4. Stabilisation of type 4 (and type 1) CLIC MB quadrupole proto type

DECISION: Block longitudinal \rightarrow Actuator pairs in same plane
Block Roll X- Y guidance

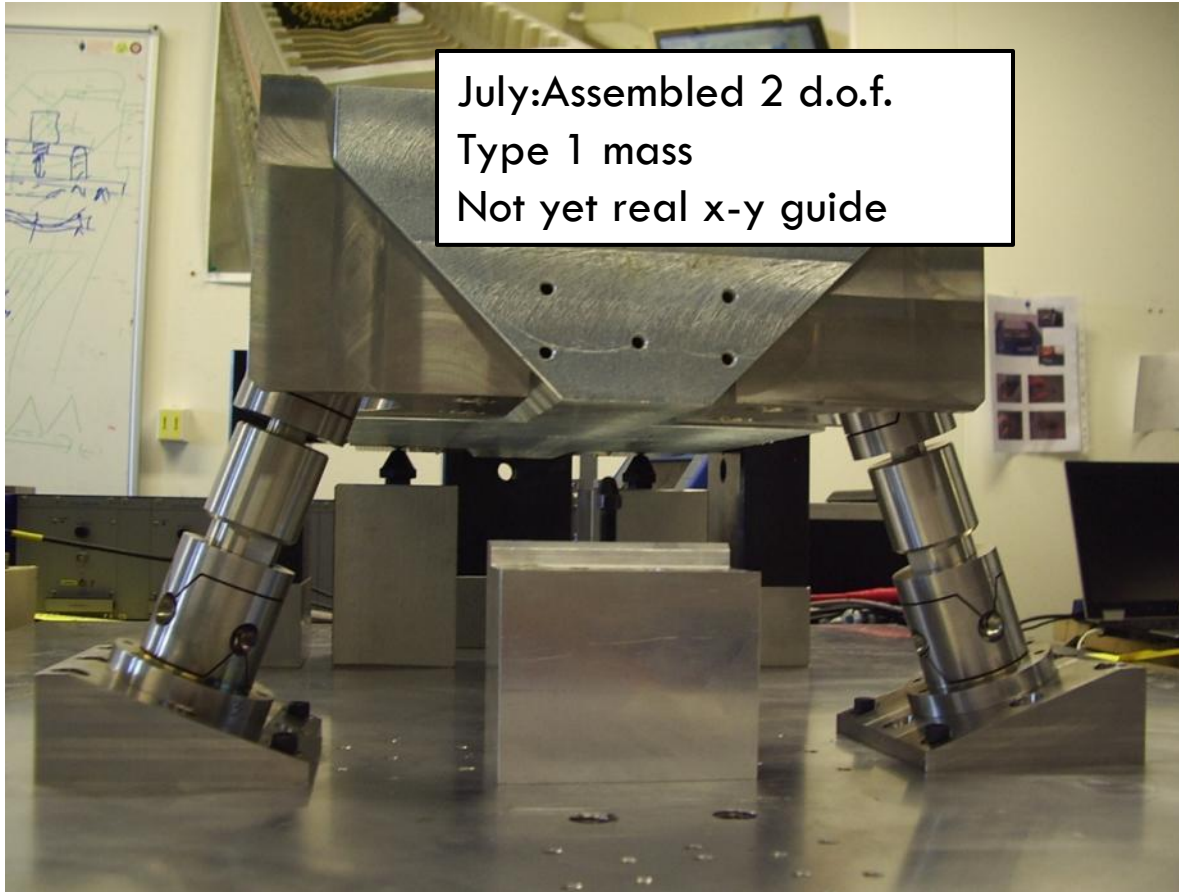


Objectives:

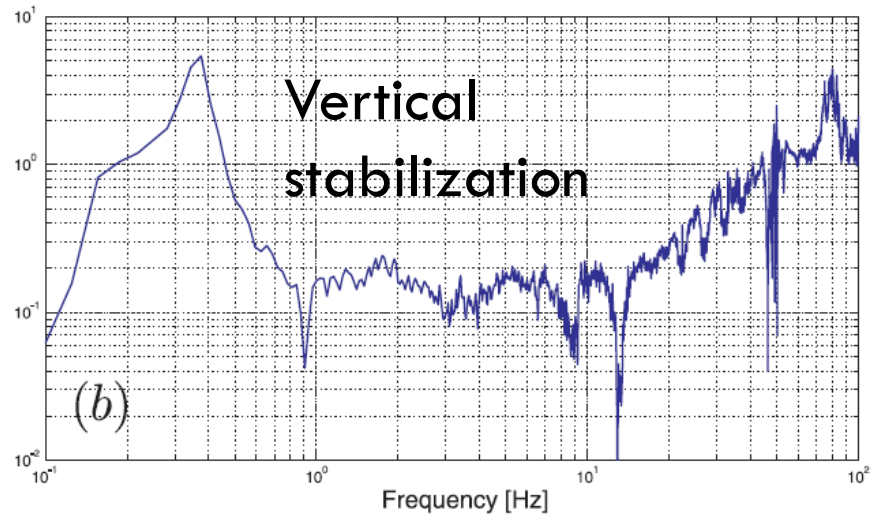
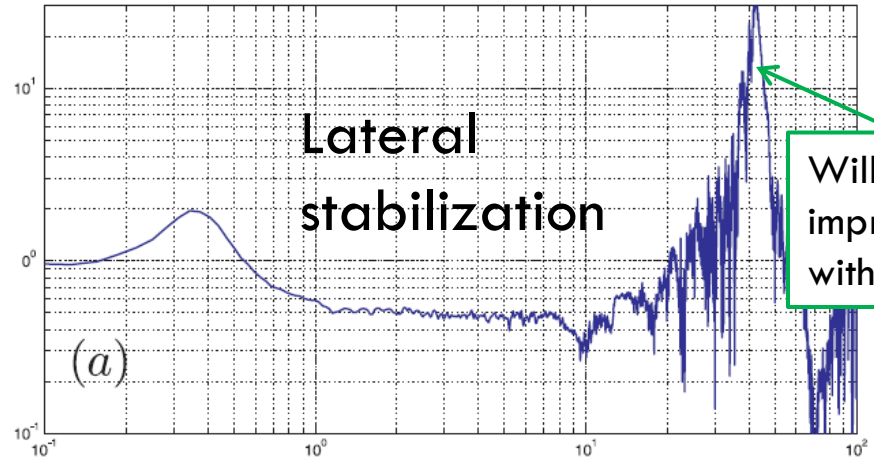
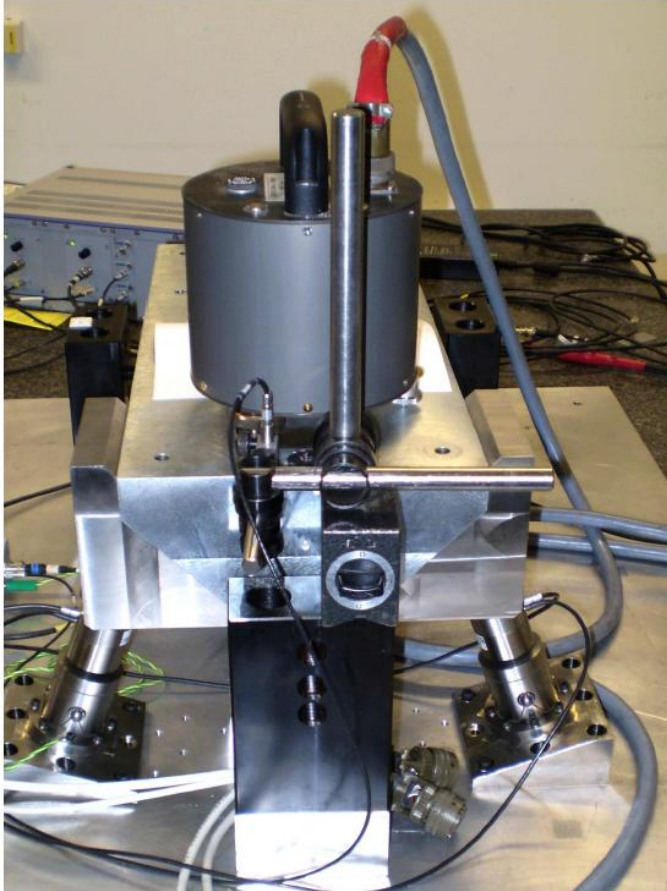
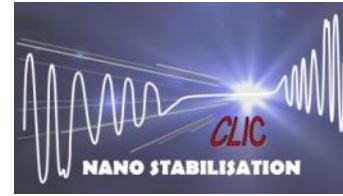
- Validate the strategy in two d.o.f.
- Joint design
- Mounting and assembly issues
(Stiff structure = stresses on Piezo)



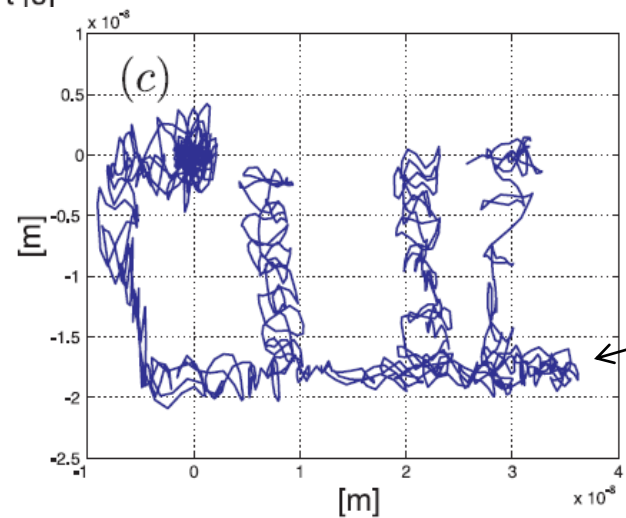
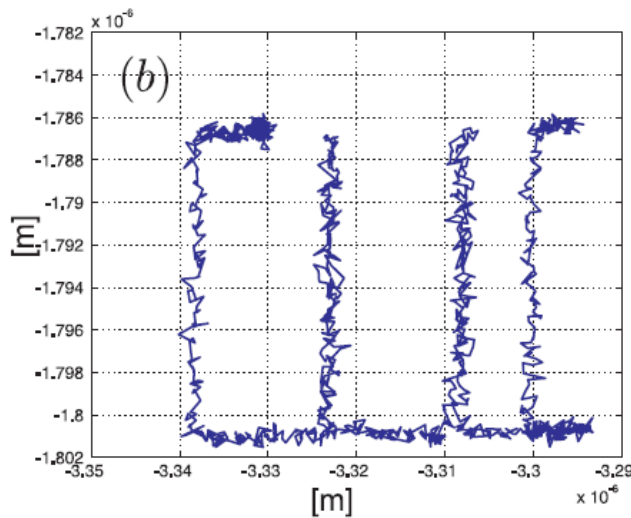
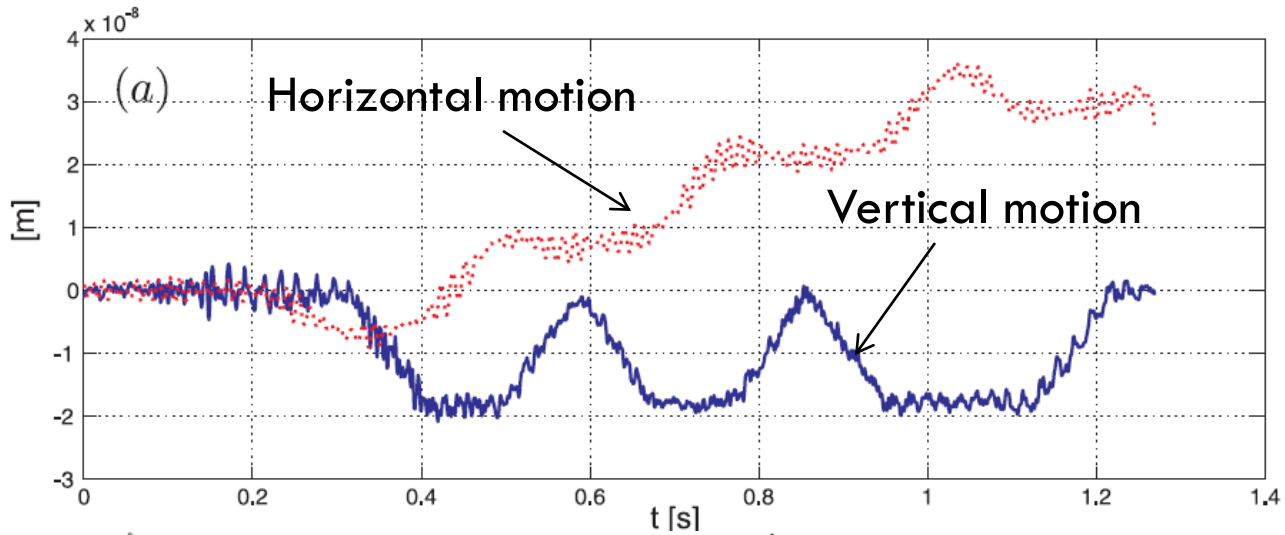
Stabilization in 2 d.o.f.



Simultaneous stabilisation in 2 d.o.f.

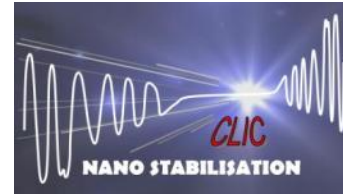


Positioning in 2 d.o.f.



Precision of 2 nm

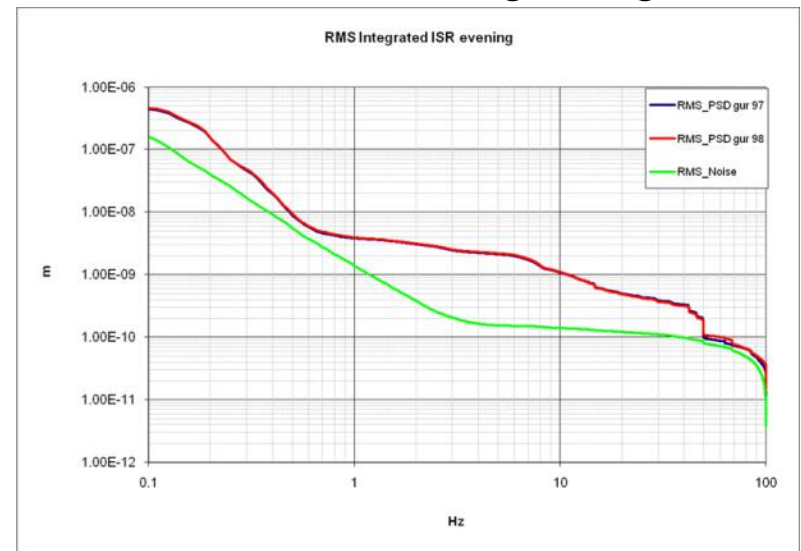
To do:



- Demonstrate stabilisation and nano positioning with low vibration back ground.
- New place proposed by M. Modena and M. Buzzio in ISR with water cooling! Measurements ongoing

Remark: ISR could be a great place for the test module lab

A. Slaathaug



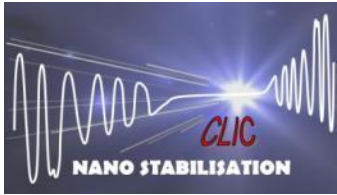
4 steps toward demonstration

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2010 : 4 steps toward demonstration on MBQ type 4 (+ type 1):

- ▣ 1. Stabilisation 1 d.o.f. with small mass (“membrane”)
- ▣ 2. Stabilisation 1 d.o.f. with type 1 mass (“tripod”)
- ▣ 3. Stabilisation 2 d.o.f. with type 1 mass (“tripod”)
- ▣ 4. Stabilisation of **type 4 (and type 1) CLIC MB quadrupole proto type**

Design x-y guide: status

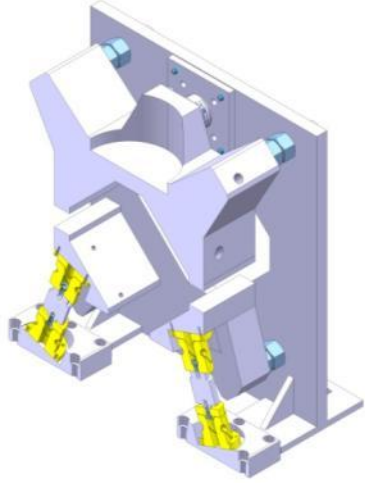
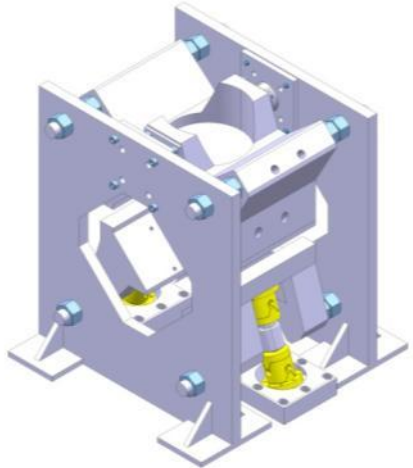


Concept:

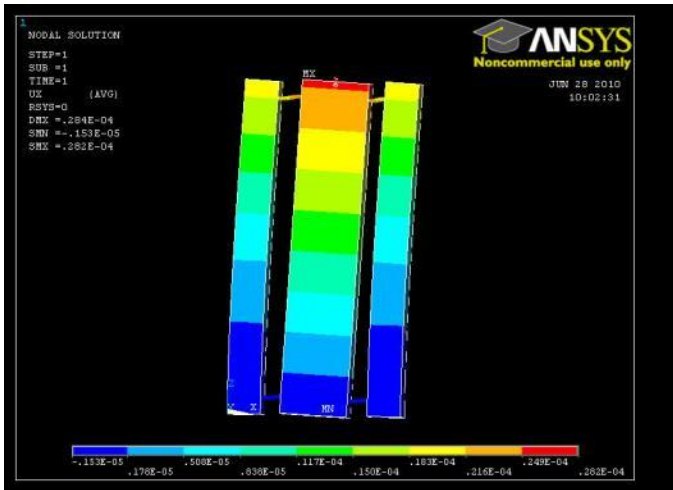
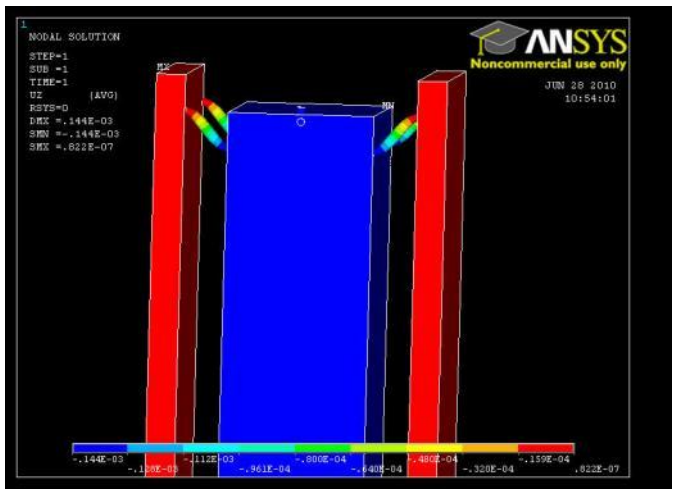
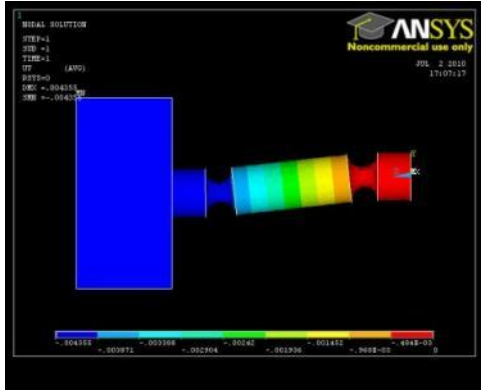
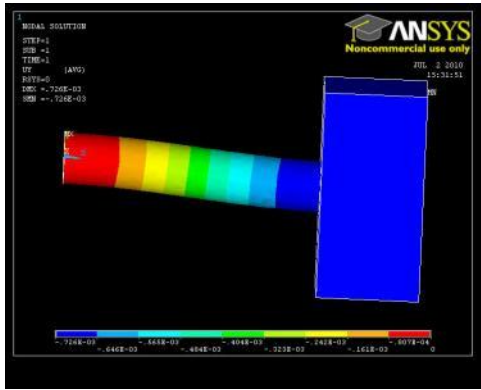
hyperguided table with 8 flexural beams
Bellows to block roll

Objective:

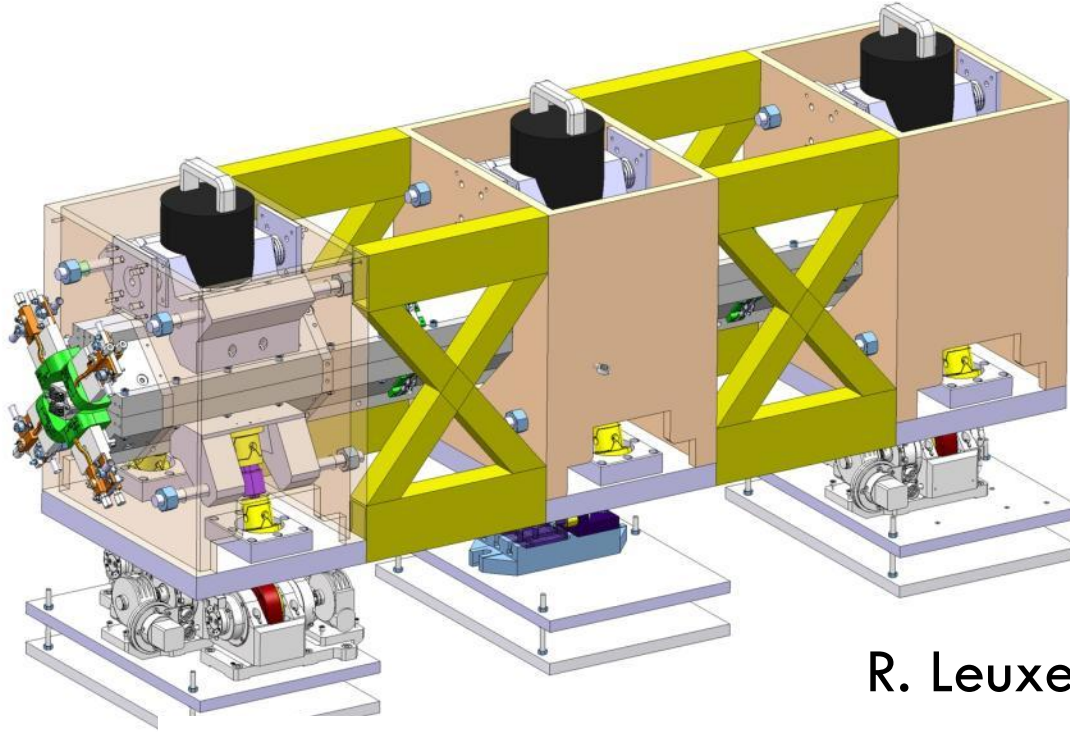
Designing for a low x-y rigidity and high longitudinal and roll rigidity



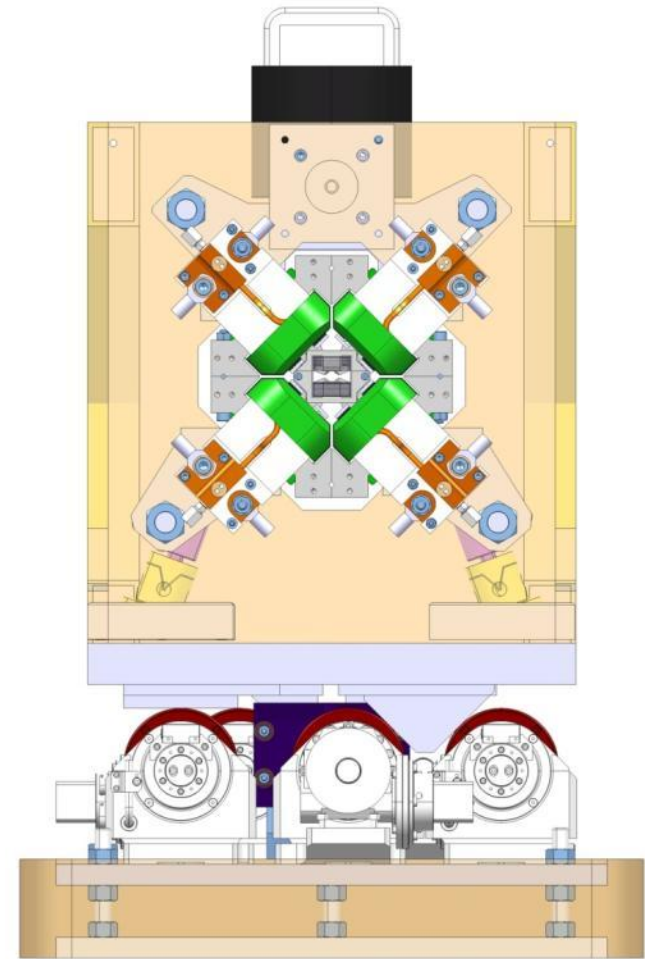
Type 1



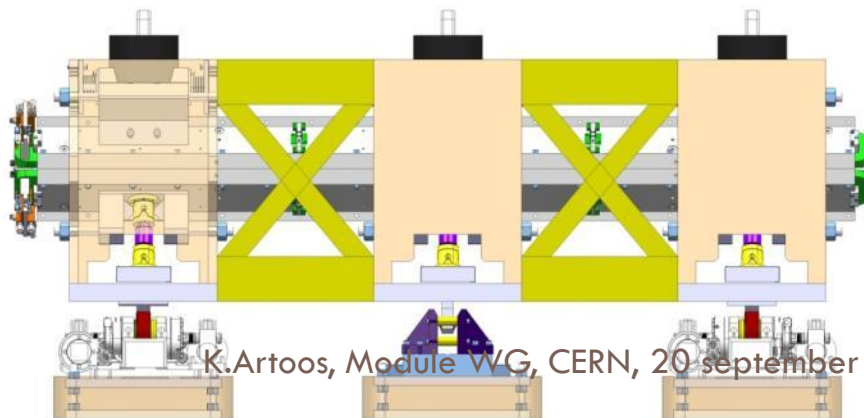
Concept drawing



R. Leuxe



Alignment stage:
Courtesy H. Mainaud Durand



Functions x-y guide:

- **Add a direct measurement of the x-y displacement** with respect to intermediate platform

To replace instrumentation in legs

Has a zero position (reference mark on grating) for fiducialisation

Sensitivity and noise level does not change with position (unlike capacitive gauges)

Less strict alignment requirements sensor

Could become low cost for large serie

- Introduce the possibility to **protect piezo actuators during transport**

- Could make it possible to reduce the number of actuators.

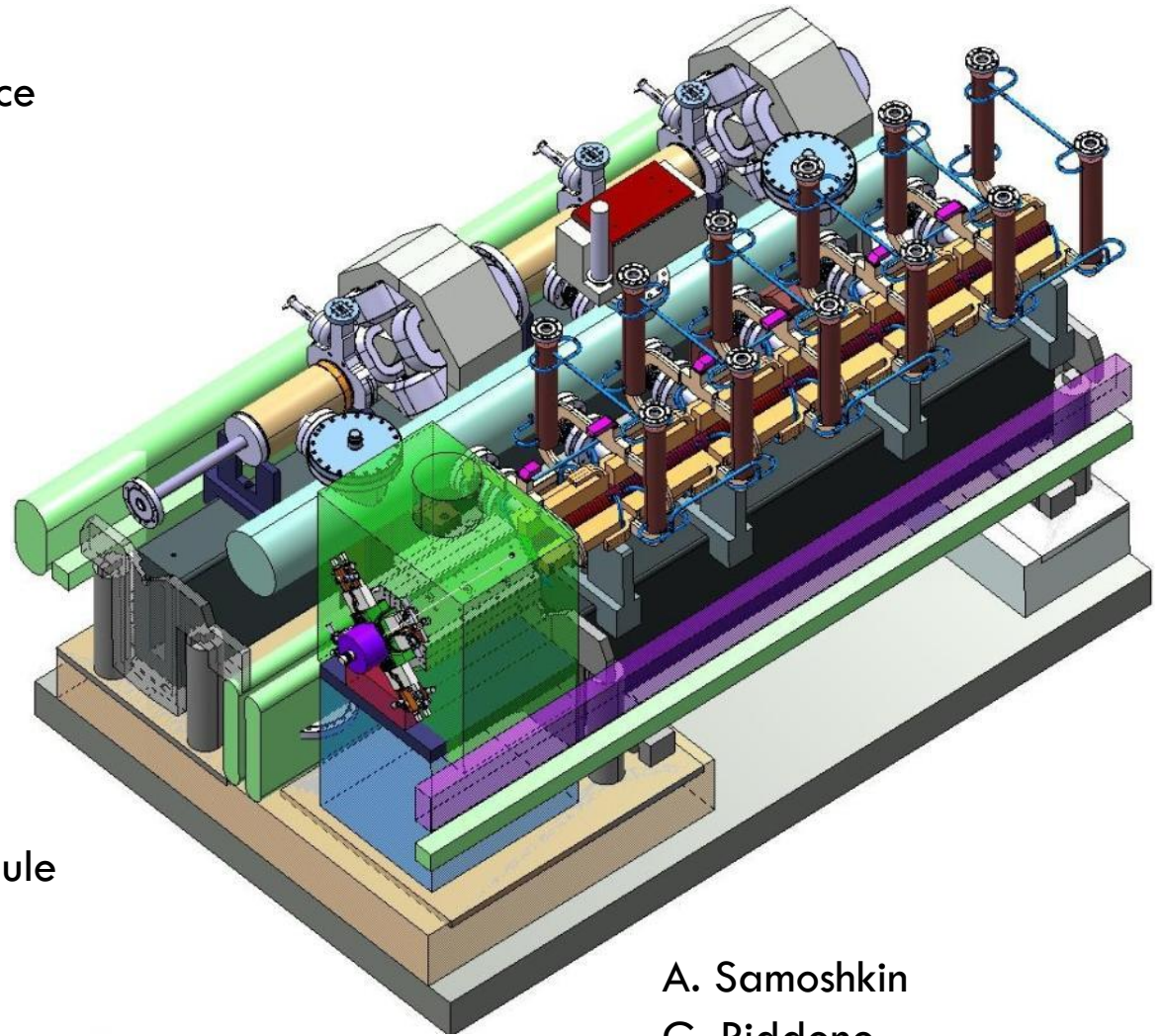
- The x-y guides can be built together to form a girder around the magnet as the intermediate platform between alignment and stabilisation



LIP 281 Linear encoder 1 nm/TTL



Compatible with available space



Integration in two beam module

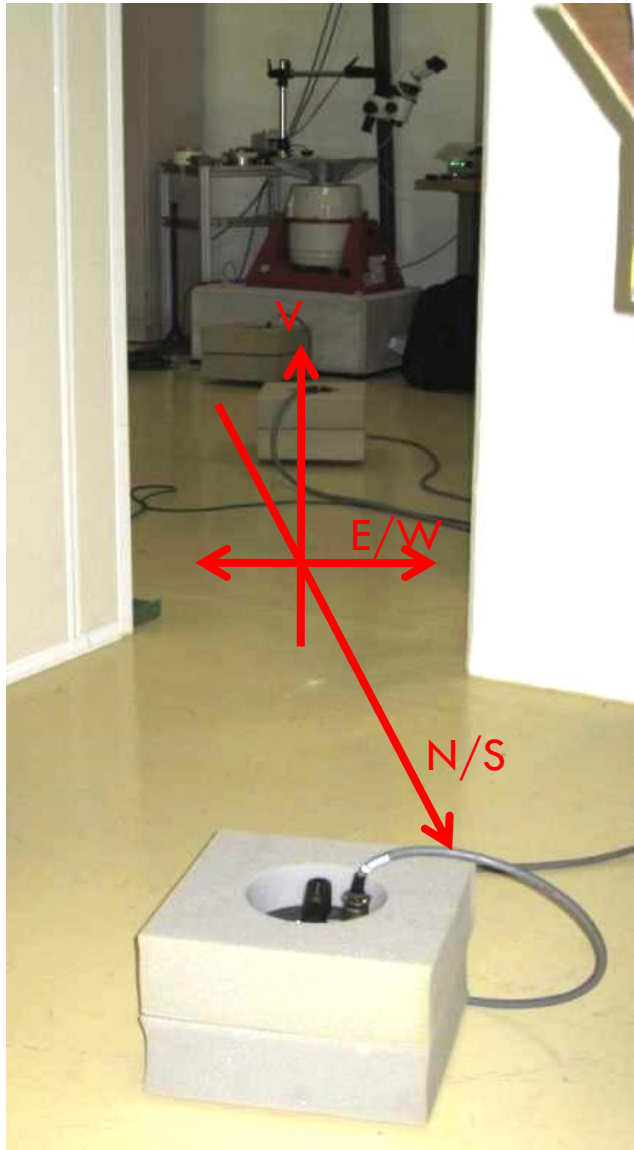
A. Samoshkin
G. Riddone

To do: Integrate the concept drawing exactly in type 4 and type 1 module

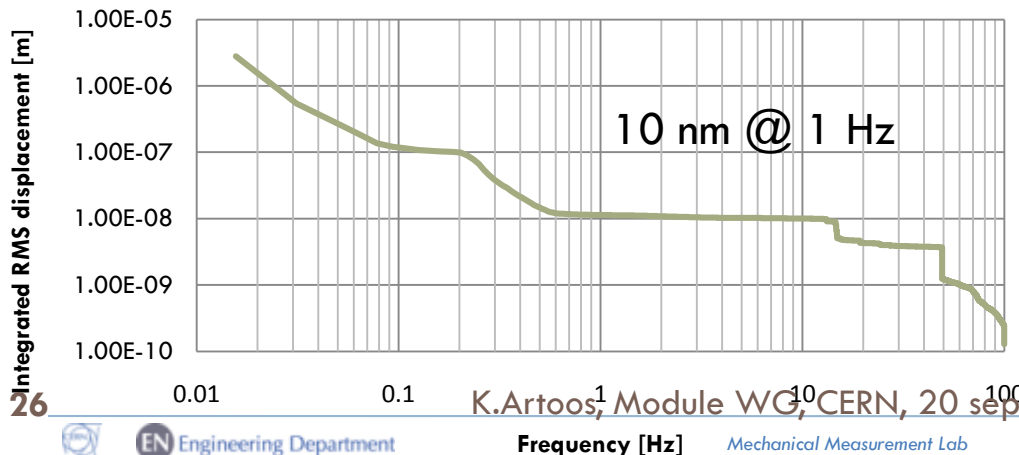
Setup: ground vibration transmission test

Michael Guinchard & Ansten Slaathaug

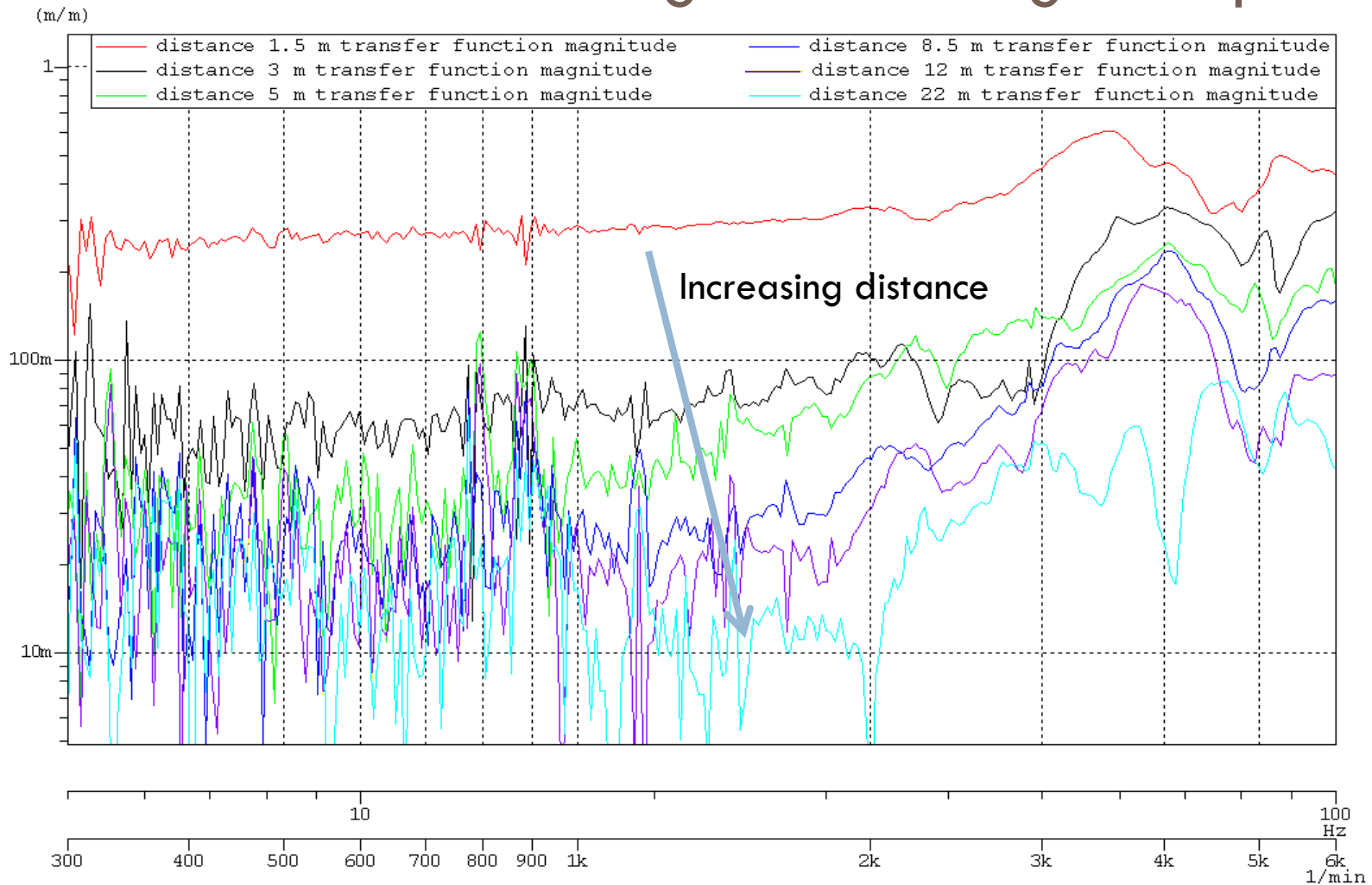
Reference geophone



Integrated RMS Bldg 186 without excitation



Transfer function magnitude along sweep sine.



- Transfer function magnitude between reference geophone and geophone at measured points



Conclusions & Future work

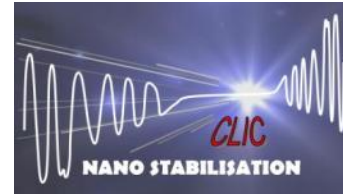


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- Steps 1 to 3: concepts validated, to be finalised with low back ground
- Future work:
 - ▣ Design : T4 + T1 Guide + girder, optimisation weight + stiffness
 - ▣ Improvement of control strategy
 - ▣ Work on sensor performances and noise reduction
 - ▣ Compatibility with the rest of the machine: BBF ($\Delta T ?$)
 - ▣ Vibration sources (propagation) characterisation
 - ▣ T1 and T4: Modal analysis + Tests with water cooling



Publications last 6 months (1 / 2)

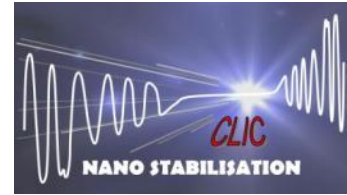


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- COLLETTE C., ARTOOS K., KUZMIN A., SYLTE M., GUINCHARD M. and HAUVILLER C., Active quadrupole stabilization for future linear particle colliders, *Nuclear instruments and methods in physics research section A*, vol.621 (1-3) pp.71-78 (2010).
- COLLETTE C., ARTOOS K., GUINCHARD M. and HAUVILLER C., Seismic response of linear accelerators, *Physical reviews special topics – accelerators and beams* vol.13 pp. 072801 (2010).
- ARTOOS K., COLLETTE C., GUINCHARD M., JANSSENS S., KUZMIN A. and HAUVILLER C., Compatibility and integration of a CLIC quadrupole nano-stabilization and positioning system in a large accelerator environment, *IEEE International Particle Accelerator Conference IPAC10*, 23-25 May 2010 (Kyoto, Japan).
- ARTOOS K., COLLETTE C., GUINCHARD M., JANSSENS S., LACKNER F. and HAUVILLER C., Stabilisation and fine positioning to the nanometer level of the CLIC Main beam quadrupoles, *IEEE International Particle Accelerator Conference IPAC10*, 23-25 May 2010 (Kyoto, Japan).
- COLLETTE C., ARTOOS K., JANSSENS S. and HAUVILLER C., Hard mounts for quadrupole nano-positioning in a linear collider, *12th International Conference on New Actuators ACTUATOR2010*, 14-16 May 2010 (Bremen, Germany).



Publications last 6 months (2/2)



- COLLETTE C., JANSSENS S., ARTOOS K. and HAUVILLER C., Active vibration isolation of high precision machine (keynote lecture), *6th International Conference on Mechanical Engineering Design of Synchrotron Radiation Equipment and Instrumentation (MEDSI 2010)*, 14 July 2010 (Oxford, United Kingdom).
- COLLETTE C., JANSSENS S., ARTOOS K., GUINCHARD M. and HAUVILLER C., CLIC quadrupole stabilization and nano-positioning, *International Conference on Noise and Vibration Engineering (ISMA2010)*, 20-22 September 2010 (Leuven, Belgique).
- JANSSENS S., COLLETTE C., ARTOOS K., GUINCHARD M. and HAUVILLER C., A sensitivity analysis for the stabilization of the CLIC main beam quadrupoles, *Conference on Uncertainty in Structural Dynamics*, 20-22 September 2010 (Leuven, Belgique).
- FERNANDEZ-CARMONA P., COLLETTE C., JANSSENS S., ARTOOS K., GUINCHARD M., KUZMIN A., SLAATHAUG A., HAUVILLER C., Study of the electronics architecture for the mechanical stabilization of the quadrupoles of the CLIC linear accelerator, *Topical Workshop on Electronics for Particle Physics TWEPP 2010*, 20-24 September 2010 (Aachen, Germany).